



Radio over Ethernet Considerations

Jouni Korhonen / Broadcom

IEEE1904.3 TF

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□ Use cases:

- Aggregation
- Native RoE

□ Two modes to support:

- Structure agnostic -> encapsulate an opaque data blob and transport it.
- Structure aware -> know the type of the transported stream/flow.

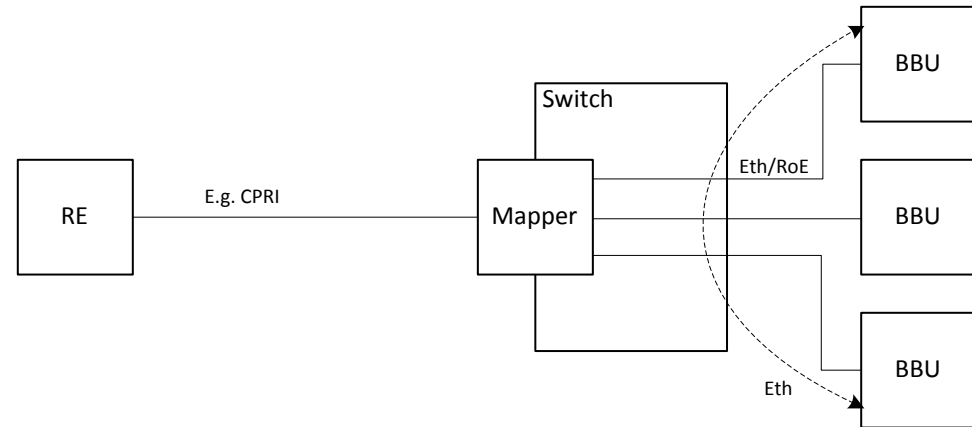
□ Mappers:

- How does e.g. CPRI (up to v6.1) map to RoE structure aware mode?

Use case examples

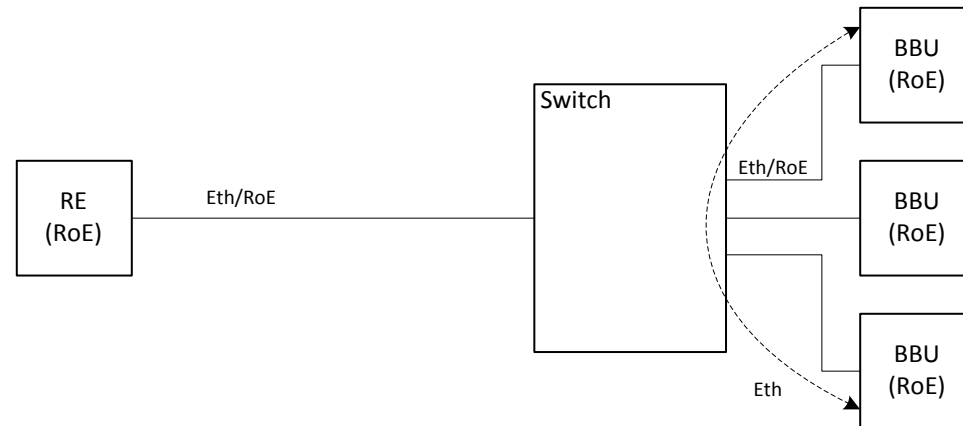
□ Hybrid

- Legacy format converted to RoE within the system
- Requires a mapper



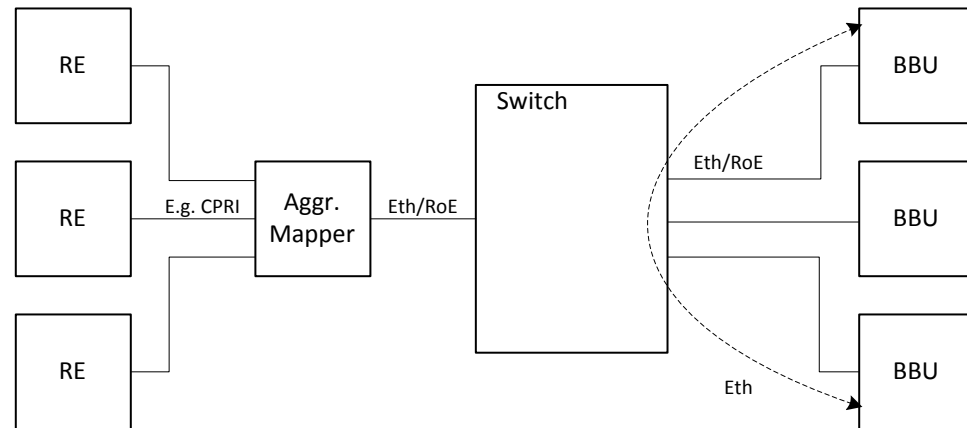
□ Native RoE e2e

- No mapping
- System supports RoE in all parts



□ Aggregation

- Requires only one mapper on radio side
- System + transport support RoE



Design decisions to discuss

- Two choices..
 - Structure agnostic
 - Structure aware

- Nevertheless.. the encapsulation header should be the same for both modes..

□ Native RoE Encapsulation format

- Minimal header -> 32 bits base header should be enough per packet.
- Number of “basic frames” per Ethernet packet -> small Ethernet packets -> large overhead.
- Number of supported antenna carriers per system.
- Number of antenna carriers per RoE packet. (thinking: switching becomes hard if more than once carrier per packet..)
- Size of a “basic frame”.

Design choices to discuss cont'd

- ❑ Division of information in the RoE Header vs. Ethernet Header vs. OOB negotiation:
 - How much can be assumed to be negotiated between the RE and REC out-of-band (OOB)? It makes no sense to transport static fields all the time.
 - What information MUST be in every RoE packet header..?

- ❑ Link configuration management:
 - What protocol / configuration could be used for “OOB negotiation”? How is this handled/managed?
 - What information can be assumed to be derived from EthType/MAC addresses/TAG/VLANID etc ?
 - Sample size negotiation? Other than radio sample flow negotiation?
 - Done when? Possibly during the link setup/sync phase..?

❑ Ethernet packets:

- What is included? Also TPID+TCI all the time (VLANs, PCP, ..)?

❑ RoE encapsulation format:

- 32 bits base header per Ethernet packet. Assume that in some cases the header may grow..

❑ Timing & Sync:

- Count for 1588 packets sent over the same transport as the RoE traffic.

❑ Number of flows:

- RoE flows, C&M flows, Vendor specific flows.
- All they contribute to the total overhead...

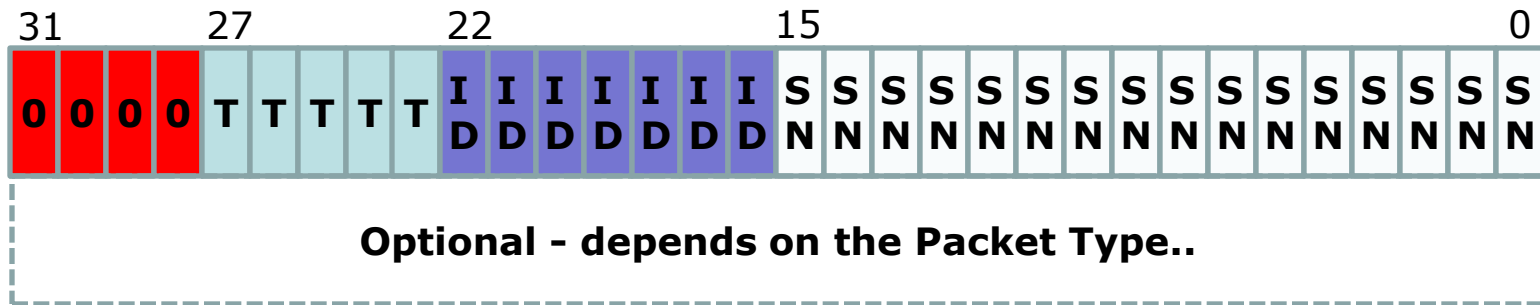
- ❑ How much can be squeezed into 2.5/5/10/25/..../100Gbps Ethernet links?
- ❑ Which flows are time-sensitive and which not?
- ❑ What are required from the transport / switching to ensure timely delivery of RoE packets?
 - What 802.1 tools we got to enforce this?

The RoE Header / Encapsulation

□ Assumptions..

- Minimal size. Proposal for 32 bits for the base.
- Should be usable outside Ethernet as well..
Verify whether the header would be usable as-is with other transports as well.
- Identify MUST HAVE information in the header.
- How is the payload content length calculated (example: basic frame size is known priori, header size is fixed, and the Ethernet packet size is learned during reception)?
- Same header used for both structure agonistic and aware modes.

Strawman proposal: the RoE Header

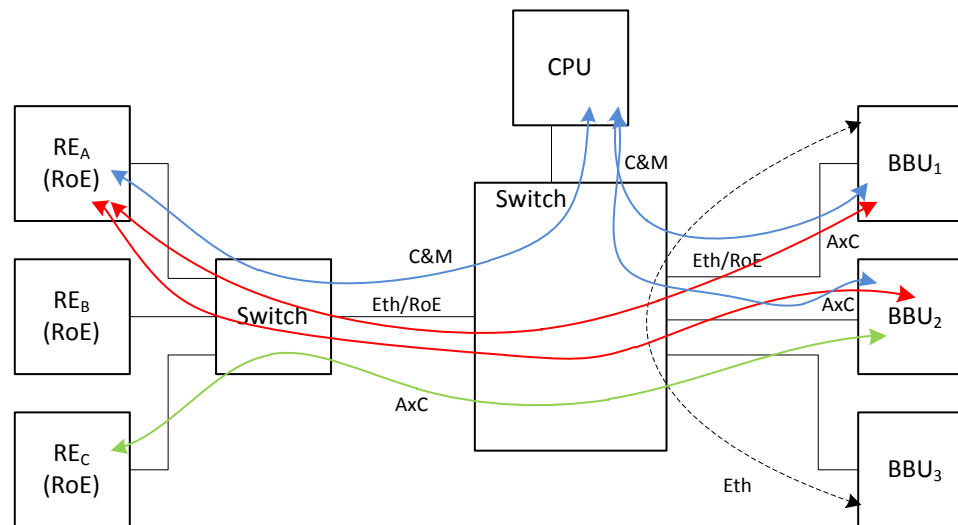


- ❑ Bits 31-28 -> set all 0.
- ❑ Bits 27-23 -> Packet Type; 32 types available.
 - One value reserved for Structure Agnostic payload.
 - One value reserved for future extensions.
 - Some types may include additional headers.
- ❑ Bits 22-16 -> Flow ID; 128 available.
- ❑ Bits 15-0 -> Sequence Number.
 - How the SN is actually constructed??
- ❑ Btw.. The above suddenly resembles PWE CW..

Strawman proposal: the flows



- The RoE does not really need to understand the data it carries beyond the type and time sensitiveness.
- Each flow in separate RoE packet:
 - Easier (and more compact) to construct.
 - Each flow can be switched individually!



The mapper

Mappers and their restrictions

- Example of a CPRI (v6.1) mapper to the native RoE format:
 - 1:1 translation is challenging.
 - Not all information in the CPRI Hyper Frame and Basic Frame is needed...?
 - Which information of CPRI framing is **MUST** to translate back and forth to RoE?

Strawman proposal: Mapper

- ❑ Radio flows:
 - I/Q data.. Any sample size etc..
- ❑ C&M flows:
 - Fast C&M is Ethernet already..
- ❑ What about ctrl_AxC data?
 - Opaque data flows to mapper..
- ❑ What about vendor specific flows?
 - Opaque data flows to mapper..
- ❑ And then L1 protocol..?
 - Terminated locally?

