## 2 <u>1.1</u> Transmit path specification

## Editorial note: This is clause 3

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## 1.1.1 Principles of operation 4

5	The transmit path of the VLC sublayer includes the Transmit process. The Transmit process waits for						
6	assertion of the VLCSI:MA_DATA.request, VLCSI:VLCPDU.request, or VLCSI:OMCI.request primitives,	<b>Deleted:</b> an xPDU to be received from one of the VLCSI interfaces: (VLCSI:MA_DATA, VLCSI:VLCPDU, or					
7	Upon assertion of the VLCSI:VLCPDU.request primitive, the received parameters are encapsulated into a	VLCSI:OMCI).					
8 9	VLCPDU with subtype VLC_CONFIG (see <u>Error! Reference source not found</u> ) according to the format defined in <u>8.1.1</u> . Conceptually, this action takes place in the VLC Interface adapter as shown in Figure 6-1.	<b>Deleted:</b> If an VLC xPDU is received from the VLCSI:VLCPDU interface, it					
10	Note that both the MAC destination address and the MAC source address are equal to the local MAC address	Deleted: is converted					
11	assigned to the port to which the VLC sublayer is associated. The resulting VLCPDU is supplied to the egress	Deleted: Table 5-1					
12	CTE,	Deleted: by prepeding a VLCPDU header to the VLC xPDU payload					
13 14	Upon assertion of the VLCSI:OMCI.request primitive, the received parameters are encapsulated into a VLCPDU with subtype OMCI SUBTYPE (see Error! Reference source not found) according to the format	Formatted: Highlight					
15	defined in 5.2.3, Conceptually, this action takes place in the OMCI Interface adapter as shown in Figure 6-1.	<b>Deleted:</b> The header cosnsists of the destination address, source address, and Ethertype fields.					
16 17	Note that both the MAC destination address and the MAC source address are equal to the local MAC address assigned to the port to which the VLC sublayer is associated. The resulting VLCPDU is supplied to the egress	Deleted: destination					
17	CTE.	Deleted: source					
		Deleted: es					
19 20	Upon assertion of the VLCSI:MA_DATA.request primitive, the received parameters are supplied to the egress CTE.	Deleted: given					
20	<u>egress erre.</u>	Deleted:					
21 22	After the above processes are complete, the resulting xPDU is processed by the Egress Classification and Translation Engine (CTE). If a match is found, the frame is modified according to the matched rule's action.	Deleted: If an OMCI xPDU is received from the VLCSI:OMCI interface, it is converted					
23	If the frame does not match any rules, it is passed through the CTE block unmodified.	Deleted: Table 5-1					
24 25	Note that to enter a tunnel, the VLC xPDU or the OMCI xPDU require a matching egress CTE rule that, at a minimum, overwrites the local MAC address value in the VLCPDU destination address field with the MAC	Deleted: by prepeding a VLCPDU header to the VLC xPDU payload. The header cosnsists of the destination address, source address, Ethertype, and subtype fields					
26	address associated with the xPDU destination for the given tunnel.	Formatted: Highlight					
27	1.1.2 Constants	<b>Deleted:</b> Note that both the destination and the source addresses are equal to the local MAC address assigned to the given port.					
28	The constants referenced in this state diagram are defined in the set of the constants referenced in this state diagram are defined in	Deleted: modifications					
20		Deleted: VLC or OMCI					
29	1.1.3 Variables	<b>Deleted:</b> formed into a complete frame, which is then					
30	EgressRuleId	Deleted: s					
	-	Deleted: 6.2.2					
31	TYPE: 16-bit unsigned integer						
32 33	This variable identifies one of the provisioned CTE egress rules. It also may have a special value none that does not identify any of the provisioned rules.						
34	MaDataTxInput	Deleted: Pdu					
35	TYPE: structure						
36 37	This variable contains the set of parameters of the VLCSI:MA_DATA.request() primitive as defined in 4.3.1.1.1.	Deleted: TYPE: structure containing an Ethernet frame					

1	VlcCfgTxInput			
2	<u>T</u>	YPE: structure		
3 4		his variable contains the set of parameters of the VLCSI:VLCPDU.request() primitive as defined 14.3.1.2.1.		
5	OmciTxInput			
6	<u>T</u>	YPE: structure		
7 8		his variable contains the set of parameters of the VLCSI:OMCI.request() primitive as defined in .3.1.3.1.		
9	<u>TxInput</u>	Pdu		
10	<u>T</u>	YPE: structure		
11 12 13 14 15	to is V	his variable holds an Ethernet frame to be passed to the CTE. The fields of this structure correspond to the parameters of the MA_DATA.request() primitive, as defined in IEEE Std 802.3, 2.3.1. It formed as the result of receiving input from the VLCSI:OMCLrequest(), VLCSI:VLCPDU.request(), or VLCSI:MA_DATA.requst() primitives and is passed as the input to the CTE <sub>y</sub>	(	Deleted:
16 17		he TxInputPdu structure supports the AddField (field code, field value) method, he field_code parameter takes values as defined in brror: Reference source not found,	λ.	This variable holds a PDU received from one of the the VLCSI interfaces (VLCSI:VLCPDU, VLCSI:OMCI, or VLCSI:MA_DATA). When received from the VLCSI:MA_DATA interface, the TxInputPdu structure
18	TxOutpu	tPdu		contains a complete and properly-formed Ethernet frame. When received from VLCSI:VLCPDU or VLCSI:OMCI interfaces, the
19		YPE: structure		TxInputPdu structure contains a partial frame, that only includes the parameters defined for the respective request()
20 21		his variable holds an Ethernet frame to be passed to the MACCSI:MA_DATA interface. The fields f this structure correspond to the parameters of the MA_DATA.request() primitive, as defined		primitive (see ). Deleted: Additionally, the
22		n IEEE Std 802.3, 2.3.1.	$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	<b>Deleted:</b> , which adds a field identified by the field_code
23	1.1.4 F	unctions	$\langle \rangle \rangle$	and having the value field_value to the structure.
24	<b>a</b> 1 1 <b>b</b>			Deleted: Table 6-2 Deleted: containing an Ethernet frame
24	CheckEgressRules(input_pdu)			<b>Deleted:</b> A CTE egress rule is considered misconfigured if
25 26		his function returns the identification of one and only one egress rule that matches the frame ontained in the input_pdu structure. It is out of the scope of this standard to specify how this		applying this rule to the TxInputPdu results in a malformed Ethernet frame being stored in the TxOutputPdu structure.
27 28		anction chooses its return value if multiple rules match the frame. If none of the rules matches the rame, a special value, none, is returned		<b>Deleted:</b> This function returns the identification of an egress rule that matched the the frame contained in TxInputPdu structure. If multiple rules macthed the frame, the function returns
29	Modify(rule_id, input_pdu)			an identification of any of these rules. If none of the rules matched the frame, a special value none is returned.
30	Т	'his functions is defined in the second s	(	Deleted: 6.2.4
31	Concat(value1, value2,, valueN)			
32 33		his function returns the concatenation of the input parameters. The input parameters are oncatenated in the order they appear in the function call.		
34	1.1.5 P	rimitives		
35	The primit	The primitives referenced in this state diagram are defined in Error! Reference source not found, Deleted: 4.3.1		Deleted: 4.3.1
36	1.1.6 S	itate Diagram		
37 38		ayer shall implement the Transmit process as defined in the state diagram in Figure Error! No text	(	Deleted: Figure 6-5

